Exercise sheet II

April 27 [correction: May 4]

Problem 1 [Observables from v.e.v.'s for the harmonic oscillator]

Consider the one-dimensional harmonic oscillator and its (Euclidean) generating functional as derived in the Lecture:

$$Z[j] = \exp\left(\frac{1}{4m\omega} \int d\tau_1 \int d\tau_2 j(\tau_1) e^{-\omega|\tau_1 - \tau_2|} j(\tau_2)\right) .$$

(i) Calculate the v.e.v. of the mean square deviation (mittlere quadratische Auslenkung)

$$\langle \Omega | x^2 | \Omega \rangle$$

by means of Z[j].

(ii) Consider now the operator $\mathcal{O} = x^2 - \langle \Omega | x^2 | \Omega \rangle$. Compute the two-point function

$$\langle \Omega | \mathcal{O}(\tau) \mathcal{O}(0) | \Omega \rangle$$

and argue that, in the $\tau \to \infty$ limit, it takes the form $Ae^{-B\tau}$.

Show that B is the energy difference $E(\psi) - E(\Omega)$, with $|\psi\rangle$ some higher energy eigenstate. What is the parity of the state $|\psi\rangle$?

[I.e. which excitations of the harmonic oscillator does this operator "feel"? Think in terms of the ordinary quantum-mechanical knowledge of the system's spectrum.]

(iii) Consider the quantity

$$\lim_{\tau \to \infty} \frac{\langle \Omega | x(\tau) x^2(0) x(-\tau) | \Omega \rangle}{\langle \Omega | x(\tau) x(-\tau) | \Omega \rangle} .$$

- What is its meaning, i.e. what kind of observable is it?
- Evaluate it.
- (iv) Design an operator $\widetilde{\mathcal{O}}$ to determine the energy difference between the first negative parity excitation of the spectrum and $|\Omega\rangle$ by means of a two-point function $\langle \Omega | \widetilde{\mathcal{O}}(\tau) \widetilde{\mathcal{O}}(0) | \Omega \rangle$.