Direct Photons: Questions (Part I)

- I. How does a "graduation tower" work?
- 2. What is the difference between the following terms: direct photons, prompt photons, isolated photons?
- 3. What are isolation cuts? Why are they used? Can they be used at low p_T ?
- 4. What can one do to distinguish single photon showers in calorimeters from showers resulting from the overlap of the two decay photons of a neutral pion?
- 5. What are the motivations for studying direct photons in A+A collisions?
- 6. What are photons from "jet-plasma interactions"?
- 7. What is the "double ratio" used in the statistical subtraction method?
- 8. What is the idea behind the internal conversion method?
- 9. What are the advantages and disadvantages in using external conversion to measure photons compared to calorimeter measurements?

Direct Photons: Questions (Part II)

- I. What does it mean that the direct photon measurements at various energies in p+p are on one universal curve?
- 2. What is meant by k_T broadening? How does it affect the direct photon spectrum?
- 3. What are possible reasons for a modification of the direct photon spectrum at high p_T ?
- 4. How big is the direct photon excess in (central) Au+Au collisions at 200 GeV? How is it explained?
- 5. Why can be assumed that the direct photon excess is a final state effect?
- 6. What is the exponential slope of the low p_T direct photon excess above the scaled p+p reference? What is the difference between RHIC and the LHC?
- 7. What is the v_2 of direct photons at RHIC at low p_T ? Would you expect this result?
- 8. What is the solution to the direct photon flow puzzle?